THE CAMPAIGN IN INDIANA

It Is Being Pushed in All Directions with Energy and Political Sense,

And Hundreds of Speakers Are Busily Eugaged, Day and Night, in the Promulgation of Sound Principles of Government.

Rev. Turner on Non-Partisan Prohibition. Special to the Indianapolis Journas-

MOORESVILLE, Sept. 12-The Rev. Asron Turner, D. D., formerly a member of the Indiana Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, but now pastor of the M. E. Church at Red Wing, Minn., addressed an enthusiastic audionce in our new hail last night. He said there were three questions especially demanding attention in this campaign-the tariff, a free ballot and fair count, and prohibition. Passing the two former, he discussed the last from a nonpartisan point of view, plainly showing that the aim of the third party is to defeat the Republican party and continue the administration government in the hands of confederate Democracy. The question is not whether prohibition is a good thing -this is admitted-but how shall we reach it? Shall we reach it by separate party action or by non-partisan effort? This subject is being discussed as never before in all classes of newspapers and on the stump and platform. Every one should think, and speak, and vote. Preachers have a right to speak. The pulpit should not be muzzied. If a preacher preaches on prohibition some say he is preaching politics. This because the great subject has been switched from non-partisan to party lines. "I am a Prohibitionist but not a politician," said the Doctor. Some say if you don't vote with the third party you are for free whisky. The third-party plank wants all tax taken off of whisky while the Republican plank only wants it off of whisky ased in arts, and off wholly in a certain emergency. So the third party plank is more for free whisky than the Republican. The existonce of the third party is the solemn blunder of this day. It has harmed the great aubject of prohibition by dragging it into party strife, thus making enemies to it which would have been friends and helpers. It would be a great misfortune if education and religion were dragged into party strife as has been done with prohibition. Some years ago under nonpartisan action State after State moved into line of prohibition-Maine, Kansas, Iowa and Rhode Island. But not one has been won to the bander of prohibition by the third party. All that has ever been done by States has been accomplished through the Republican party, and set the third party wants to kill the Republican party. Four years ago the temperance people counseled. Many advocated nonbartisan action. A few said we must have a shird party. It entered the field and accomplished the election of Cleveland, who was a member, according to newspaper report, of the Buffalo Brewers' Association, and a drinker himself, and defeated a tectotaler and a man who has no superior in America. A voice, "Not in the world." This third party thus succeeded in throwing the government into the hands of a party which is an avowed enemy to prohibition, and defeated the only party which has ever given us prohibition in any State. Progress for probibition stopped when the third party set up business. There has nothing done by States since. Some say, We don't see much difference between the two old parties anyhow. But there is a great difference. The Democratic party is an open enemy of temperance, while the Republican party declares for it; the former has done everything it could against prohibition, the latter a great deal for it. If one party is as much for prohibition as the other, why is it that

Why is it that the third party plays into the hands of the Democrate! Why is it they send speakers to doubtful States? Why don't they send speakers down South! Why do they give the Republicans three or four jolts to the Democrats one or none? Sam Jones is a Democrat, but makes third party speeches up North; but down South he says he is going to vote for Cleveland. The third party South puts State tickets in the field. but no ticket for presidential electors. Why is this? Don't it show that this third party is a Democratic annex to aid in keeping the Demoeratic party in power and Republicans out! Cleveland's civil-service reform turns Republican soldiers out of office and puts in Democrats. Why has he not turned out General Fisk and put a Democrat in his place? The third party declares its intention to divide and destroy the Republican party in 1888 and come into power in 1892. How can it hope to draw votes from the Republican party if it be the old rum party that it declares it to be? What will become of the third party? It will go as others have done, down. The third party organs are declaring that the Chicago Republican convention had shipped 5,000 kegs of beer to Chicago during its sessions. There were two or three saloons by the hall in which the third party was held in Indianarolis. It would be just as true to say that the third party ran those saloons for their convention as to say the Republican party had 5,000 kegs of beer shipped to Chicago for its convention. Neither had any control over the saloons or beer. Bishop Fowler was present and represented the convention as an orderly body of men. Rev. Dr. Hatfield, of the M. E. Church, wrote a letter defending the convention against the elanders propagated by the third party. The Doctor closed his speech by alluding to

the Republicans have given us prohibition in

four States, and the Democrats in none?

the candidates. While he was willing to forgive the rebels, he did hot wish to see advanced to the next highest place in the gift of the people a | many Democrats are bolting on the free-trade man who had been a Confederate rebel during the war, as Dr. Brooks says he was. If you want a Vice-president who has always been loval to our flag, vote for Levi P. Morton. If you want a good, safe, loyal President, a bigbrained man, a moral man, a religious man, clean man, a man who is not ashamed to pray in his family or church, a man who, as elder in the First Presbyterian Church of, Indianapolis, was not ashamed to occupy his pew and assist in the administration of the Lord's Supperon the Sabbath during the excitement of the Chicago Convention, if you want such a eafe, calm, cool headed man as this at the head of this great Nation, vote for Gen. Ben. Harri-

This speech, of which this is only a brief outline, is the last of five which Dr. Turner has delivered in Indiana during the last week, at all of which he was greeted by large and attentive crowds. He returns to-day to his Minnesota

Foulke and Morton at Nebraska. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. NORTH VERNON, Sept. 12 .- The political furnace in Jennings county is already at white heat About ten miles east of North Vernon there is, en the Ohio & Mississippi railroad, a village by the name of Nebraska. About a dozen small houses, a railway station, a small church, and a saw-mill, comprise all the buildings in it, and, it is safe to say, that an equal amount of Republican enthusiasm was never before compressed into such small space. In this township ninetyfour Republican votes are cast, and only nineteen Democratic votes. The Republicans organized, some time since, a Lincoln club, which has been meeting regularly every Tuesday night, and has been addressed each week by local speakers. Last week it was announced that Jason Brown, the Democratic candidate for Congress from this district, would address the people of Nebraska on Tuesday evening of this week. The Republicans thought the fixing of their club night as the time of the meeting was intended as an invitation for them to suspend their meeting and get their crowd and go over and hear Jason. which they were by no means inclined to do. So they telegraphed the State central committee to send them speakers for Tuesday night. On Saturday posters arrived announcing that Oliver P. Morton and Wm. D. Foulke would address them. Immediately they started out over the country to "beat the bush," as they called it, and get up a rousing meeting. Some of these men rode forty miles from one county neighborhood to another, declaring that ther meant to have 2,000 persons present. Everybody promised to come. Then they determined to build a log cabin. On Monday morning every tree was standing in the woods. On Tuesday afternoon a cabin forty feet by thirty had been built and covered, having its chimney of sticks and mud, and filled with board benches, accommodating several hundred people. Two scaffolds about six feet high were raised on the other side of the road, and a fire built on the top of each, which lasted through the evening. Just outside the wide door of the log cabin, and between it and the window of the school-house (which was only a few feet away), a stand was erected for the speakers, decorated with flags, bouquets, pictures of the candidates and other appropriate emblems. Outside and in front of the stand other seats were arranged, some of which were unfortunately around the corner of the cabin so that the speakers could only be seen through the chinks between the logs. These chinks, however, were large, and rows of heads were continually seen looking through them during the meeting. In front of the stand was an open space where a | here last night. No advertisement of the meet-

thus compelled to divide their attention between the window in the left opening upon the school-room, which was well filled, the door in the right opening into the log cabin, and the standing multitude in front. Toward evening the delegations began to come in, mostly in wagons, but many on foot. They came from all directions within a radius of fifteen miles. The Democrats had secured a special train from North Vernon for their own meeting at Nebraska, and the agent was ordered to sell no tickets to Republicans to the great wrath of the North Vernon people who wanted to attend the Republican meeting. Finally, about 7:30 o'clock, the Republicans secured a train of their own, and boys were sent through the streets shouting that now the Republicans had got their train and could go to Nebraska. There was no time to dress or prepare, everybody started out as they were, ladies and all, and in twenty minutes the train was full. When they arrived at Nebraska an immense throng had already collected. Mr. Foulke had been talking about half an hour, but was compelled to stop on account of the cheers which welcomed this new and unexpected delegation, and it was some time before he could proceed. He was followed by Mr. Morton, who was listened to by as attentive and appreciative an audience as ever assembled. The meeting broke up about half past 10, amid tremendous cheering. The Democrats, too, had a very respectable gathering, which filled a small hall in the town, and was addressed by Jason Brown. At the Republican meeting at least 2.000 persons were present. Nebraska never saw such an occasion before. The delegations returned to Vernon, cheering and singing, about midnight. At the station of Nebraska a slight disturbance oc curred. A Democrat drew a revolver on a Republican and was promptly knocked down for

A Democratic "Artful Dodger." Special to the Indianapelle Journal

DANVILLE, Sept. 12.—The following appeared in the Indianapolis Sentinel this morning under a Danville date and the general head of Indiana

Considerable weight has been attributed to the desertion, at this point, of a heretofore Democrat to the free-whisky party. The facts of the case are that a certain mechanic in the employ of a hardware firm was told by his employer four years ago that if he voted for Cleveland his wages would be reduced. The mechanic voted that way, and the gentlemanly em-ployer kept his word by reducing the man's wages in the sum of \$2 per week. Being threatened again, this year, with further reduction, and not being willing to suffer the loss of another \$104 of his yearly earnings, he has been forced to succumb, and has consented to vote for Harrison.

The alleged "facts" in the foregoing are so vaguely stated that it would be hard to enter a specific denial. This much can be said, however: That if it refers to any hardware dealer in Danville, Ind., it is a brazen falsehood in every particular, except the fact of a conversion in a certain instance. Let the Sentinel correspondent name the parties referred to and your correspondent will furnish indubitable proof that the main statements are silly and malicious falsehoods. The only hardware store in town that could have been referred to by the reporter s that of John W. Dooley. His tinner, John M. Fitzgerald, voted for Cleveland four years ago, but now declares that he will support Harrison and the Republican State ticket. He is an honest, hard-working man, and has been nine years with Mr. Dooley. who, he delares has always treated him with the utmost fairness. He denounces the statement in the Sentinel (if applied to him; as a contemptible slander upon his employer and timself. The story was undoubtedly stated in the form of an inpuendo for the purpose of creating a false impression without making the writer responsible. Let him be specific-or even say he means a hardware dealer in Danville, Ind., if he dares.

Anti-Cleveland Democrats.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. BRAZIL, Sept. 12.-There is a substantial land-slide among miners, farmers, business men and others in Clay county, all against Cleveland and favorable to Harrison, Morton and protection. Among the latest is James L. Lucas, of Cloverland, who voted for Harrison in 1840, but ever since has voted the Democratic ticket. He will support the Republican national ticket

Mr. Chas. H. Knight, who was chairman of the Democratic central committee in 1884, and who openly repudiates Cleveland, second term. free trade and all, has been petitioned by about 100 leading Republicans to speak in the wigwam. He will speak soon. He says: "I fully believe that if the free-trade policy as advocated by President Cleveland in his last annual message to Congress, and his recent letter of accepting the nomination the second time for the presidency, finds a favorable response in the votes of the American people at the polls in November next, the time is near at hand when onehalf of the manufacturing and mining industries of this country will be suspended and closed down for years to come. This would result in enforced idleness of hundreds of thousands of workingmen and women all over the land, and would seriously damage and almost destroy the markets for our coal, disemploy our miners, disperse our population to other fields of labor, retard the growth of our now thrifty county and city, fill our towns with empty houses, and seriously injure our farmers, merchants and mechanics, who have come to rely on this increased population for the sale of their farm products and merchandise and the employment of skilled

and day labor. The Outlook in Southern Indiana.

Louisville Commercial. G. W. Burton, of Lawrence county, Indiana, was in the city yesterday. He says there is no question as to the Republicans carrying the State in November. He reports the enthusiasm all over the State as unprecedented. A great question. At Unionville, in Orange county, recently, the Democratic club went in a body to hear ex-Congressman Thomas R. Cobb make a tariff speech. He came out boldly for free trade and declared that the Mills bill was the first step in that direction, and that the President's message meant only this.

The next day the Unionville Democrats were so disgusted that their club held a meeting and at once erected a pole from which a Harrison and Morton banner now floats. At Mitchell, last Monday night, a Republican club was organized with six former Democrats among the members.

Eccles Robinson at Washington. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.-Mr. Eccles Robinson, master-workman of the Brass-works district, Pittsburg, and secretary of the trades assembly there, which represents 60,000 laboring men, spoke in the Opera-house here last night to an immense audience, composed largely of workingmen of this place. His speech was a most excellent and taking one, and his remarks on the tariff question particularly clear and convincing. Many Democratic laboring men heard the speech, and from the frequent expressions of approval from them, it is safe to assert that Mr. Robinson's visit here will be of much benefit to Harrison, and Morton and protection. Republicans are delighted with Mr. Robinson, and are confident that his visit here will do much good. Mr. Robinson visited some of the coal mines here, met many workingmen, and created a most favorable impression among them.

Ladies' Club at Peru.

medial to the Indianapolis Journa PERU, Sept. 12 .- The Harrison Ladies' Club of this city held a grand and enthusiastic meetng last evening at the Lincoln League rooms for the purpose of effecting a permanent organization. The membership of the club now numbers over fifty, and will be greatly increased. The officers-elect consist of: President, Mrs. Carrie Puterbaugh; vice-president, Mrs. A. C. Bearss; secretary, Miss Bessie Andrews; treasurer. Mrs. T. Bearss. The ladies of the club will be handsomely uniformed and will actively participate in the campaign rallies and meetings. There will be two distinguished features-one the horseback riders, and another an elaborately trimmed and decorated wagon, symbolical of the great party and containing the fair members. Enthusiasm barely expresses the vim and zeal of this club.

John M. Butler at Logansport, Special to the Indianapolis Journal LOGANSPORT, Sept. 12.- The Republicans of this city held a rousing meeting at the rink this evening. Hon. John M. Butler, of Indianapolis, delivered a powerful address upon the assues of the campaign, which had a marked effect upon the immense audience. He spoke for two hours, showing that the Democratic party is, and always has been, wrong, and the Republican party right. The Billy Owen Glee Club, composed of sixteen members, made its first appearance, and aroused much enthusiasm with telling songs. words used by the club are composed by Mr. D. E. Bryer, of this city.

Fine Speech by M. C. McCormick.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal ARGOS, Sept. 11.-Upon invitation of the Lincoln League here, M. C. McCormick, of this place, delivered the best speech of the campaign great crowd was standing. The speakers were | ing was made, yet Montgomery Hall was packed

and many were unable to gain admittance. The speech fairly bristled with telling points. The speaker has a rare faculty of thoroughly disposing of the fallacies of "tariff for revenue" in a manner not equaled here before. The address was free from rancor or bitterness; dignified and scholarly. His arguments were actual demonstrations of the value of protection, from the stand-point of the practical business man instead of the politician. It received the closest attention throughout from Democrats and Republic

A Sentinel Lie Denounced. To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal:

HE VOTED FOR BLAINE, BUT-"R. R. Beck, a member of Allen Camp, Sons of Veterans, of this town, has announced himself for Cleveland and reform. Mr. Beck has been a promi-nent young Republican and voted for Blaine."

The above choice morsel appeared in Wednesday's two-for-a-cent Sentinel, as coming from a reliable source, and as I cannot hope for recognition through the Sentinel, I desire through your columns to brand the above as a willful, malicious and outrageous falsehood gotten up to injure my reputation and business. The writer is evidently a stranger to the first principles of honor and integrity, or he would never stoop to such small and contemptible measures to gain favor for himself. Again, branding the writer of the above a falsifier of the first magnitude, "I am, as ever, an enthusi-R. R. BECK. astic Republican.

PENDLETON, Sept. 12.

Meeting at Greensburg.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENSBURG, Sept. 12.-Hon. W. D. Foulke and Hon. O. T. Morton addressed the finest audience of the campaign at the court-house tonight. Many went away for want of room. The leading issues were ably discussed, and Mr. Foulke's contrast of the two candidates for the presidency was regarded without exception as

and gave their undivided attention. An enthusiastic meeting for the purpose of organizing an Old Meu's Club was held at the rink last night. Green B. Roszell delivered the address. One hundred and fifty-three names were enrolled of men who voted for the elder Harrison in 1840 and will vote for Harrison and Morton this year. There are also about twenty-five here who voted for Van Buren then, who will vote for Herrison now.

Kaighstown Republicans

special to the Indianapolis Journa. KNIGHTSTOWN, Sept. 12.-The Republicans hung to the breeze across Main street to-day a banner, six by forty feet, on each side of which are painted in large letters "Harrison and Morton; Hovey, Protection, Chase." There are two Republican clubs here of 150 working members each, all working in harmony for the good of the party. The Hon. J. L. Griffiths will speak here on the night of the 14th, and Hon. J. H. Lozier on the night of the 19th. Both will be met with an enthusiastic reception.

Ripley County Republicans.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Madison, Sept. 12.—The Republicans of Ripley county had a pole-raising at Rexville yesterday. They raised a 130-foot pole, and in the afternoon a very large crowd was entertained with eloquent speeches, delivered by Hon. J. W. Linck, Capt. Marcus R. Sulzer and Hon. John O. Cravens, in which all the political issues were ably discussed. At night there was another large meeting, addressed by Capt. M. R. Sulzer in an able speech, mainly devoted to the tariff

Judge Gardiner at Dover Hill.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WEST SHOALS, Sept. 12 - Judge W. R. Gardiner, of Washington, spoke last night at Dover Hill, in this county, to the largest political meeting that has been held there for twenty years. The people were enthusiasuc, and Judge Gardiner's solid argument and his tribute to Gen. Ben Harrison were loudly applauded. There will be many accessions to the Republican ranks in this county.

Starting on the Right Side. To the Edito; of the Indianapolis Journal:

I joined the first voters' club, organized in this city, this evening, with a membership of 38. I was formerly a Democrat, and came of a Democratic family, but will cast my first presidential vote for Harrison, Morton and protection. I also say, hurrah for General Hover! We have four Democrats in our club, and will LON AUTHER CLTZ they come. MIDDLETOWN, Ind., Sept. 8.

W. S. Kenworthy at Rockville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ROCKVILLE, Sept. 12 -The Hon. W. S. Kenworthy, of Iowa, addressed a large audience at the court-house, Tuesday evening, on the politi-cal issues of the campaign. He handled his subject in a masterly style, and is a clever speaker. His talk on the tariff was plain and interesting. He was greeted by a large audi-

Chaplain Lozier at Angola.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Angola, Sept. 12.-Chaplain Lozier, of Iowa, held the close attention of a large audience in Angola, last evening for two hours, while he spoke on political issues. Stenben will not be in the rear with her majority for the Republican ticket. Every indication points to a substantial gain over the vote in 1884.

Political Scraps. The Republicans of Cass and Miami counties

met in convention at Logansport vesterday an nominated Albert B. Switzer, of Peru, by acclamation for Joint Representative. The Lincoln Club will celebrate the emancipation proclamation at Columbus on Toesday, Sept. 25. Mr. Smallwood and Mr. A. Sweeney will be among the speakers.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

While workmen were tearing down an old hospital building at the Soldiers' Home, at Dayton, Tuesday, a wail toppled over, burying them under the debris. Two men were killed and several severely injured. The killed are Wm. Sewall, of Company G. First Tennessee, and a member of Company I, One-hundred-and-six-

William Clinton, principal of a school in Perry county. Arkansas, whipped a girl pupil, named Ray, for violation of the rules. The girl's brother came to the school yesterday with the avowed intention of whipping Clinton. When he entered the school-room. Ray and Clinton drew knives and a fierce fight ensued. Both men were fatally cut.

On Tuesday night, at Kenosha. Wis., five boys played "tick-tack" on Rev. F. O. Taylor's house. Taylor loaded his pistol and waited. Shortly two of the boys, George Beachal and Martin Slosson, went into the yard after their "tick tack." Mr. Taylor rushed at them, and, as they ran away, he opened fire soon scared Slosson into balting. He then shot at Beachel, hitting him in the arm. Mr. Tay-

lor's conduct has caused a sensation. Phil Board, a policeman at Harrodsburg, Ky., on Tuesday night attempted to arrest Florence Mitchell, alias "Dog Head," a noted virage of that place, for some minor offense. She struck him over the head with an iron bar, knocking him down twice, whereupon he drew a revolver and shot her in the stomach, inflicting a probably fatal wound. The woman is a desperate criminal of remarkable strength and ferodity.

Losses by Fire.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., Sept. 12.-At Patoka, Gibson county, early this morning. fire swept away a quarter of a block of business houses. The losers are: John Kingston, grocery and residence: loss. \$4,000. Harrison's building; loss, \$1,000. A. M. Jerauld & Co., groceries and drugs; loss, \$5,000. Newt. Reilly, confectionery; loss, \$1,000. Jacob Johnson, saloon; loss, \$600. Wm. Rike, saloon; loss, \$300. The fire originated from a defective flue.

Marion, Ind., Sept. 12.-Yesterday fire destroyed the barn of Janet Covant, twelve miles south of here, with two horses, a thresher, five hungred bushels of wheat and twenty tons of hay. Loss, \$3,000: insurance, \$1,000 in the Phoenix, of Brooklyn. Children playing with

matches caused the fire. SIGOURANCY, Is., Sept. 12 .- A destructive fire at Harper, in this county, destroyed the entire business portion of the town, except one store and an implement house. The loss is variously estimated at from \$15,000 to \$25,000. The insurance does not exceed \$5,000.

evening in the shops of John R. Brownell & Co., destroying the office, machine-shop and foundry, and entailing a loss of \$20,000; fairly well in NEW YORK, Sept. 12 .- A fire at Huntington, N. Y., last night, did damage to the extent of \$100,000. A large portion of the business part

DAYTON, O., Sept. 12 - Fire started at 10:30 this

of the village was burned. When Chumpkins died all hearts gave forth regrets, And everybody swam in floods of tears. You see he ne'er made fool election bets, Nor prophesied in presidential years.

-- Washington H stchet.

INDIANA ANDILLINOIS NEWS

Close of the Testimony in the Ballard Trial, Now in Progress at Shoals.

Argument to Be Begun To-Day and the Case Given to the Jury To-Morrow-Murderer Ed Chamberlain Abandons His Fast.

INDIANA.

Close of the Evidence in the Ballard Murder Case_A Conflict of Testimony. Special to the Indianapells Joursal

SHOALS, Sept. 12 .- Promptly at 8 o'clock the Ballard murder trial was called. Defendant Jones was recalled and cross-examined. He was asked whether or not, on the day of his arrest for the Ballard murder, he had a conversation with one Peter Ragle, one of the sheriff's posse who made the arrest, concerning the Ballard murder. When the witness answered that he had, he was asked by the State whether or not in that conversation, he had not said to Ragle that he did not remember that any other than his own family and one Noble Neal had stayed over night at his house on the night of the Ballard murder. Jones replied that he had not said that, either in words or in substance, to Ragle, upon the occasion named.

Peter Ragle was then put on the stand, an testified that Jones did say to him that he did not remember of any one, except the members of his own family, and one Noble Neal, staying at his house on the night of the Ballard murder. The defense then cross-examined Ragle, who denied that he bad had hard feelings toward defendant Jones; he stated also that Jones was one of the County Commissioners of Martin county, and had been such while the witness was county treasurer; that Jones, as one of such commissioners, had caused the books of Ragle to be investigated, and had found a shortage of about \$7,000 against him as county treasurer, but that his bondsmen had made good this shortage.

James H. Ballard, a brother of the murdered man, was then called. He testified that in a conversation with defendant Archer, the latter told him that he had been to see Albert Quackenbush, and had talked to him, but was unable to change him in regard to the murder of Ballard; that he still insisted that he (Archer) was at the place of the murder at the time it was

Mrs. Sarah E. Jones was called by the State and cross-examined further, and, among other things, was asked concerning a conversation had at the house of her husband, the detendant Jones, and asked whether or not she had said to Mary Collins that she did not remember of any one staying at her husband's house on the night of the Ballard murder. She answered that she had had no such conversation. Mrs. Sarah Collins testified that Mrs. Jones

did make such statements. Mrs. Sarah Quackenbush was called, and testified that in a certain conversation with her Mrs. Mary Stanfield told her she was not at the house of Jenes on the night of the Ballard murder, but at her own home, and that her husband was at home with her.

O. P. Pierce was called by the State, and on being re-examined testified that he was at a funeral along with Ballard on the day before the murder; that he did not see McClellan Jones on that day shake hands with Ballard, and was not in Jones's bouse on that day; did not see Canfield shake bands with Ballard when he came to Stanfield's house on the day of the murder; did not see any man standing at the door with his boots off, as if in the act of retiring. Louis Ritchey was recalled and testified that Ballard did not stop at the house of Jones on the

day before the murder. Here the evidence closed. The argument will begin to-morrow morning, and will be made as follows, as the matter is now arranged: Lewis Stephens, the deputy prosecutor, will open the argument for the State, and will be followed by Judge Gardiner, of Washington, T. M. Clarke and C. S. Dobbins for the defense. T. J. Brooks will close the argument for the State. The case

will probably be given to the jury on Friday. Muncle Teachers' Reading Circle. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

MUNCIE, Sept. 12.-The Muncie Teachers' Reading Circle was reorganized last evening by electing Mr. J. W. Carr chairman, and Mrs. Martha Ivins secretary for the ensuing year. There were about thirty members present ready to begin work. The object of the circle is twofold, professional training and general culture. The course of reading is arranged so as to accomplish these purposes. In order that the literary work may be more efficient, the circle will invite the professional men of the city to deliver a series of lectures on subjects related to the school and their particular professions. A series of literary papers will also be presented by members of the circle.

Murderer Chamberlain Consents to Eat. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LOGANSPORT, Sept. 12.-Ed Chamberlain, the murderer of Ida Wittenberg, of Reynolds, and who afterward assaulted and almost killed the sheriff of White county in making his escape from the jail, was brought here to-day on a change of venue from White county. Chamberlain has steadily refused to eat anything during the past nineteen days. He is amsciated and so weak that he cannot stand or talk above a whisper. This afternoon he consented to eat. and took a plate of fried eysters. He seems somewhat relieved, now that he is away from White county for trial.

Killed by a Freight Train. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

SHELBYVILLE, Sept. 12 .- An extra freight train going east on the "Big Four" road, which passed Waldron at 1 o'clock this afternoon, struck and killed a stranger who was sitting on the rail near the water-tank. The stranger was asleep, and the engine struck him on the head. He appeared to be about sixty years of age. The only evidence of his identity was a letter in his pocket addressed to Daniel Causins, Oakland, Ill., from a collecting agency in Illinois. The body was placed in charge of the coroner.

Attacked With Lock-Jaw.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Sept. 12.—The twelve-year-old son of George Clutch, of this city, is suffering from lock-jaw, and is not expected to recover. About ten days ago the boy was kicked in the face by a horse and sustained a severe gash in the forehead, which, though painful at the time, soon healed, and is now almost well. No symptoms of lock-jaw was manifested until yesterday, and the little fellow has rapidly grown worse. His father is in Columbus, O., and uss been telegraphed for.

Minor Notes.

Two thieves, Charles Black and Charles Chitty, were arrested at Princeton, Tuesday, for burglarizing a store at Carmi, Ill. A lot of the pooty was recovered. Two sons of John Turner were engaged in

hauling logs about four miles west of Marion, when the younger, aged fifteen, fell from the wagon and the wheels passed over his stomach, producing fatal injuries. The Gibson county fair is under way. There

are more entries in all classes than ever before, and the finest exhibition of stock ever seen there. Yesterday was pioneer day, and the old settlers were addressed by ex Gov. Porter and Judge

ILLINOIS.

A Couple of Counterfeiters Captured at Mt Carmel, and Taken to Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.-Two dangerous counterfeiters were arraigned before Commissioner Howne this morning, and, waiving examination, were held to the federal grand jury. They are Fred Kech and Jacob McLaughlin, of Mt. Carmel, Ill. The attention of the secret service was attracted to that place by the amount of counterfeit money in circulation there, and an investigation resulted in the prisoners' arrest. The officers went to McLaughlin's house. In the cellar was found a complete set of dies, molds, etc., such as makers of spurious money use, as well as \$115 in \$1 and 50-cent pieces, some ready for circulation and others incom plete. The mint was located in the garret. Kech made a full confession. The officers think he has served terms for the same kind of

Scarlet Fever at Marshall.

work.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARSHALL. Sept. 12.—Scarlet fever is becoming epidemic here, and in a very fatal form. Conely, of Pennsylvania; great keeper of The first death occurred to-day, and rictim be-

ing a little son of Edwin Shaw. The most rigid quarantine will be exercised to prevent further spread of the disease.

Brief Mention. Col. S. W. Munn, of Governor Oglesby's staff. and formerly State Senator, died on Tuesday of apoplexy at his home in Joliet.

J. B. Isabel, of Winnebago, while standing or the platform at the Illinois Central depot, at Rockford, was knocked off by a train and fatally

During the past week the herd of milch cows belonging to the firm of Bacon Bros., dairymen of Streeter, have been attacked by a disease from which some fifteen of them have died. James Bond, assistant State Veterinary Surgeon, pronounces it Texas fever. Precautions have been taken to prevent the spread of the disease. It is not known where the cattle contracted it.

DAVITT'S REVELATIONS.

Interesting Sketch of the Part He Has Taken in the Irish Home-Rule Agitation.

LONDON, Sept. 12.-Mr. Davitt intends to apoly to the Parnell commission for the permission to give evidence before that body. He has prepared for the press an abstract of the statement he proposes to make before the commission, commencing with occurances of 1866, when he joined the Irish Republican Brotherhood. He says that he became acquainted with Mr. Parnell and Mr. O'Donnell on his release from Portland prison. During his imprisonment, after much thought, be concludes that the Irish were not adapted for agitation by secret conspiracy, and formulated a plan of open combination. He communicated his views to the leaders of both the revolutionary and constitutional parties. Among the latter he found a disposition to resent Mr. Butt's policy of conciliation. Among the Fenians he received more encouragement than he expected. After his tour in America be started a movement to make the land question the basis of agitation. He controverts the Times's theory that this new departure had anything to do with the new departure originated in New York. Although defending the American proposal, so far as it included his scheme for supplanting secret conspiracy, he says be was convinced that an alliance between the Constitutionalists and Revolutionists was impossible, and therefore took an independent line without consulting either

Mr. Parnell or the Fenian leaders. In 1879 he started an agitation against landlordism, on funds received from his American lectures. He applied to John Boyle O'Reilly, Patrick Ford and John Devoy for assistance. He received £500 from the national or skirmishing fund, but as the Fenian press objected use of the fund for to the constitutional agitation, he returned the amount. Mr. Parnell offered money from the resources of the League. Mr. Parnell's official connection with the movement began with the organization of the League in October, 1879. Parnell, during his absence in America, in the winter of 1879, forwarded to the League £50. 000, to be distributed for the relief of distress. In 1880 Davitt, going to America to form an auxiliary League, was expelled from the Irish Republican Brotherhood for advocacy of agitation. Since constitutional there has been constant hostility between the Leaguers and the Fenians. Early in 1880 four men visited his lodgings in Dublin, designing to murder him. At the same time s. Fenian gang, headed by Phoenix Park Carey, broke up his meeting in the rotunda. About this time, if he and other leaders in favor of open agitation had not been removed from the control of the League by the government itaprisoning them, the Invincible conspiracy would never have been heard of. On the morning following the Phoenix Park murders he met Parnell, who, greatly excited, said he had resolved to send his resignation to the Cork electors that very day, retiring utterly from Irish politics. Parnell declared that no man could be safe where irresponsible conspirators organized deeds of that kind, aiming deadly blows at the constitutional movement on the threshold of victory. Davitt succeeded in persuading him reconsider. On the same day the manifesto condemning the murderers was sent to Ireland. Mr. Davitt, although taking no prominent part in the National League, co-operated with Mr. Parnell's delegates to Chicago in 1885, in trying to influence the convention in the direction of a pacific policy. He was afterward condemned to be shot by the council of dynamiters of the Rossa faction be cause he had denounced the use of dynamite in Chicago. Mr. Davitt concludes with a reference to the Plan of Campaign, of which he disapproves as only proposing to lower rents, thus tending to prolong landlordism.

Celebration in Honor of the Czar.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 12.—The Czar celebrated his name-day in the midst of his generals at Novaja Praga, in the government of Chersen. Civilians took a prominent part in the fetes held in honor of the occasion. Farmers brought rural products and other offerings to the Emperor, and the head men of the villages presented him with bread and salt. Groups of peasant girls brought garlands for presentation to the Emperor. Three hundred and fifty guests took luncheon at the imperial table. The maneuvers of the troops will be concluded to-

The Fighting in Afghanistan. LONDON, Sept. 12 .- A dispatch from Afghanistan says: "The Ameer's troops will attack Ishak Khan on three sides. Separate corps are advancing from Badaksha, Cabul and western prkestan. There are continuous skirmishes between the outposts. Ishak Khan is concentrating his forces near Haibak, and a decisive battle is imminent.

No Famine in Egypt.

CAIRO, Sept. 12.—The statement that a famine in Egypt is feared because of the failure of the crops is officially declared to be untrue. The Nile is rising slowly and the crops will be equal to those of 1884. It is expected that the height of the water at Assouan will reach fifteen cubits.

Foreign Notes. A telephone line has been opened between Berlin and Breslau. It is the longest line in Germany.

The debts of the late King Ludwig have been almost cleared. There is a good prospect of rebuilding the royal fortune Floods in the provinces of Lombardy and

Venice have destroyed a number of bridges and done much damage to property. Many persons have been drowned. There are now signs of the water subsiding.

Roadmasters' Association.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 12.-The Roadmasters' Association of America, at its meeting to day, laid the reports on standard track joints over until next year, and recommended that trials be made during the ensuing year of the two devices submitted. The old officers were all reelected for the ensuing year, as follows: President, J. W. Craig; of Charleston, S. C; first vice-president, I. Burnet, of Joliet, Ill.; second vice-president: James Sloan, of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad; secretary and treasurer. W. H. Reed.

Fatal Cable-Car Accident. Sr. Louis, Sept. 12.-A serious accident occurred on the Franklin-avenue cable last night in which a woman was fatally injured and several others seriously hurt. At Thirty-fourth street a west bound cable car jumped the track, the coach swinging over the east-bound track. The accident occurred at the bottom of a steep grade, and the east-bound car was only a few yards off, and coming fast. Before it could be stopped there was a crash, and one car was wrecked entirely. The woman who is fatally injured is Mrs. Collins.

Western Union Dividend. NEW YORK, Sept. 12.-The Western Union directors to-day declared a quarterly dividend of 12 per cent. The statement presented shows net earnings, partly estimated for the quarter ending Sept. 30, of \$1,550,000; interest and sinking fund charges amount to \$204,082, leaving \$1.345,198 surplus for the stock. The dividend is payable on Oct. 15, and the books will close on Sept. 20, both for the dividend and election

Signing the Sioux Treaty. CHICAGO, Sept. 12 .- A dispatch fromLower Brule Agency, Dak., says: Yesterday was a great day at this agency, and the efforts of the commissioners and the agent have been crowned with a glorious success. Two hundred and twenty-five signatures have been secured for the ratification of the Sioux bill, the way being led by a number of the prominent chiefs.

Red Men Select Officers.

CHICAGO, Sept. 12.—The officers chosen by the red men are: Great incohonee, Thomas J. Francis, of New Jersey: great senior sagamore, Thomas K. Donnelly, of Pennsylvania; great junior sagamore, Thomas E. Peckinpaugh, of Ohio; great prophet, Ralph D. Gregory, of Indiana; great chief of records, Charles C. THE DOUGHERTY CASE.

The Attempt to Compet the President to Atone for a Public Stander.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal WASHINGTON, Sept. 12 .- In connection with the petition to Congress by Mrs. Charlotte Smith for authority to prosecute President Cleveiand upon the charge of libeling Mrs. Mary Ann Dougherty, an Irish woman, whose pension bill was recently vetoed, the Woman's National League, of this city, has just issued a brief in the case which is to be distributed among members of Congress. It will be remembered that Mrs. Dougherty was severely injured by an explosion in the arsenal here, where she was working at cartridge making during the war, and that the President in vetoing her pension said that she was a woman of bad character. The brief in

the case issued to-day is headlined as follows: "A dastardly outrage. Grover Cleveland aseails the character of Mary Ann Dougherty. He vetoed her pension bill and then denounced her as drunken and worthless to the whole country. The charges against her proven false. Will Irishmen vote for a man who shelters himself behind his high office to ruin the tame of a helpless Irish woman?"

Following are the salient features of the brief: "Grover Cleveland stands before the Nation as a candidate for re-election, with how much show the people must determine in November. Ours is the Nation of brave men, but the great chief executive takes advantage of his high official position to traduce and ruin the character of a poor Irishwoman-the widow of an Irish soldier who defended our flag in the dark days of the rebellion. By what right did Grover Cleveland stoop from the high pedestal on which the people had placed him to assail the reputation of a helpless widow to whom Congress had granted a petty pension of eight dollars per month, for services rendered the Nation by her dead husband? Was it not cruel enough to veto the act of Congress, and there let it rest! No; insult must be added to injury, and to cover up the vindictive feeling which he has exhibited against the poor and friendless since his installation into office, he takes the occasion to

"The petition of this woman is indorsed by the admira, and several other officers of the navy, and a distinguished dergyman of Washington, certifying that they know Mrs. Dougherty, and believe the facts stated to be true. The police records of the precinct in which she has lived for years show that she is a woman of very bad character, and that she has been under arrest nine times for drunkenness, larceny, creating disturbances, and misdemeanors of that

"We have taken the time and pains to look through the police records for the last twentysix years to satisfy ourself whether the charge which Grover Cleveland brings against Mary Aun Dougherty were true, and whether she was as bad as he had pictured her. The record shows that (this) Mary Ann Dougherty was arrested about twenty-five years ago, for assault, and this was the only time she was ever arrested. Was she guilty? Let us see. The evidence shows that a brutal member of the police force while engaged in beating his wife-who had a young baby in her arms-was assaulted by Mary Ann Dougherty-with his own billy-and made to desist. She was arrested for this, acquited, and the police officer dismissed the

A complete abstract of the police court records covering the arrest of the various women in Washington by the name of Dougherty is produced, and the fact that Mrs. Mary Ann Dougherty, who applied for the pension, was indorsed by many of the leading citizens of Washington, is given.

Indiana Pensions Pensions have been granted Ae forwwing-

named Indianians: Original Invalids-George B. Anderson. Vevay; Edward Turpin, Bedford; Samuel Brunner, Elkhart; Thomas Harry, Indianapolis; Oliver Boord, Covington: Nathaniel Me-Clure, Whitlock; Berryman James, Brazil; Andrew Weekly, Nelson; Wm. W. Hays, Indianapolis; Floyd Dickerson, Ladoga; Geo. Rauch, Indianapolis: Hiram M. Waltman, Bean Blossom; John Wagoner, McCameron; Henry Boley, Georgetown: John A. Depew, Bryant: Eli Sawvers, Franklin; Daniel Y. Shirk, North Manchester; Daniel Baringer, Crothersville; Omer Lunger, Eugene; Hiram L. Coffman, Greencastle; Wm. M. Mauley, Carthage; Geo. Banyard, Lawrenceburg; Aaron S. Wilhelm, Ligoner; Samuel W. Skelton, Stinesville; Jas. J. Bowker, La Otto; Augustine D. Rose, Indianapolis; Wm. Cornwell, Brazil; Adam Hoffmeier.

Buffaloville. Restoration and Increase-William Apt, Peru. Increase-navy-James H. Brown, Richmond; Geo. M. Hibbeson, Fort Wayne; Jacob H. Swigert, Wawaka; Wm. Harrister, Scipio; Marcus M. Thornburg, Macksville; Washington Lee, Muddy Ferk; Jeremiah Besor, Knightsville;

John Q. A. Lewis, Jonesville. Reissue-Chas. McKinsey, Kirklin; Henry Eller, Bloomington. Reissue and Increase-Frank McShone, Mar-Original Widows. Etc.-Elizabeth A., widow

of Thomas J. Stevens, Corydon; Nancy, Aother of Andrew Ingram, Greenville; Barbara, widow of John Muster, Valparaiso: Elizabeth, widow of Galon Meddock, Trafalgar; Perdilla, widow

of Geo. W. Wilson, Mount Liberty. General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journat. WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—Charles McGrew, of Huntington; E. R. Wheeler, of Plymouth, and Rev. O. J. O'Leary and F. D. Casenow, Wayne, are at the Ebbitt.

Dr. T. A. Bland, editor of The Council Fire, an organ of the North American Indiaga, intends going into Indiana to speak for Harrison and Morton. Dr. Bland is a Greenbacker, and made a vigorous canvass in New England for General Butler in 1884. He is a forcible speaker, and handles the issues with infelligence and

Ideal Submissiveness.

Arlo Bates, in Providence Sunday Journal. A small New Yorker had been having a day of unmitigated outrageousness, such as all children who do not die young are likely to have at times. and when he was ready for bed his mother said "When you say your prayers, Georgie, ask

very naughty to-day." The youngster accordingly put up his petitions in the usual form, and then, before closing with "Amen." be added: "And please, God, make me a good boy." He paused a second, and then, to the utter

God to make you a better boy. You have been

consternation of his mother, concluded, with un abated gravity: "Nevertheless, not my will, oh, Lord, but Thine be done.

Steamship News. ANTWERP, Sept. 12 .- Arrived: Broombaugh, from New York. LIVERPOOL, Sept. 12 .- Arrived: Handel, from New York; Caspian, from Baltimore.

New York, Sept. 12 .- Arrived: Nordland. from Antwerp; California, from Hamburg. LONDON, Sept. 12.—The steamer France, from New York, Aug. 28, for London, went ashore on Enth Sands, Gravesend. Passed the Lizard: Katie, for Havre. Passed Scilly: Lahn, from New York for Bremen.

It is Absurd

For people to expect a cure for Indigestion, unless they refrain from eating what is unwholesome; but if anything will sharpen the appetite and give tone to the digestive organs, it is Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Thousands all over the land testify to the merits of this medicine.

Mrs. Sarah Burroughs, of 248 Eighth street, South Boston, writes: "My husband has taken Ayer's Sarsaparilla, for Dyspepsia and torpid liver, and has been greatly benefited."

A Confirmed Dyspeptic.

C. Canterbury, of 141 Franklin st., Boston, Mass., writes, that, suffering for years from Indigestion, he was at last induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla and, by its use, was entirely cured.

Mrs. Joseph Aubin, of High street, Holyoke, Mass., suffered for over a year from Dyspepsia, so that she could not eat substantial food, became very weak, and was unable to care for her family. Neither the medicines prescribed by physicians, nor any of the remedies advertised for the cure of Dyspepsia, helped her, until she commenced the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. "Three bottles of this medicine," she writes,

"cured me." Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.